

Muslim World League

Secretariat General

General Department of Conferences and

Organizations

Program

Global Conference

Islam and Counter Terrorism

Under the Aegis of the Custodian of the Two

Holy Mosques

King Salman Bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud

Makkah

3-6/05/1436 H - February 22-25, 2015

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

Today, the Muslim nation is facing major challenges targeting its religion, misrepresenting its civilization and invalidating its true law. This is nothing new to the Umma. Recent and ancient history tells us about a lot of malice, and slander leveled at Islam. The intent is to harm it, and cut off any connection leading people to its guidance. This unjustifiable effort will never end as long as the succession of nights and days.

However, the new twist in our current situation is astonishing. Our own children are serving the interests of those who seek to undermine Islam by setting the worst examples. These hate mongers have been condemning Islam of the vilest charges without any evidence to support their claim.

These juveniles and fool dreamers provided the slanderers with what they have been dreaming of. With their reckless actions and careless audacity to spill innocent people's blood, they gave their enemies more than they have hoped to get. They have horrified honest people and terrorized Muslims and others. All their vile acts have been perpetrated under a banner adorned, falsely, by the testimony of monotheism (Kalimat At-Tawhid). Accompanying their hypocritical claim, they shout there is no god but Allah, and Allah is great. To these zealots, these are empty slogans without any substance.

This great duplicity and bogus charade are happening in the name of Islam. The religion is blameless of which they accuse it. However,

supporters of Islam and its way of life are extremely serious and eager to redress this distorted campaign that has committed horrible sins under the cover of Islam and its name. The time has come for scholars, preachers and people of conscience to have an unrelenting outreach to warn people against this scourge, and disavow it. Effective solutions to rid the nation's youth from its clutches must be developed. This will be achieved through uncovering its flaws, and false claims. The true Islamic concept must be clarified about what is being rumored here and there. These sayings and actions are obvious to any observer.

Realizing the scope of this threat, the Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques King Salman Bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud, issued his directives to hold this significant convention on “terrorism” under his patronage. He has charged the Muslim World League to mobilize the efforts of scholars, preachers and all concerned with Muslim affairs around the world. He requested them to deal with the risk of this alien phenomenon, and terminate it in its early stages. The aim is also to contain its spread reaching additional Muslim countries.

The Muslim World League expresses its thanks and appreciation to the Custodian of the Two Holy Mosques King Salman bin Abdulaziz Al Saud. His patronization of this conference and his support of the Rabita's programs are highly appreciated. The MWL also thanks the Crown Prince, Deputy Prime Minister HRH Prince Migren Bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud; the Second Deputy Prime Minister, Interior Minister, HRH Prince Mohammed Bin Nayef bin Abdul Aziz Al-Saud. They extend their thanks as well to the Governor of Makkah Region, HR H Prince Khalid Bin Faisal Bin Abdul Aziz Al Saud. Their efforts in serving Islam and Muslims are impressive.

The MWL expressed thanks to His Eminence Sheikh Abdul Aziz bin Abdullah Al-Sheikh, the Kingdom's Grand Mufti, and President of its Supreme Council. Thanks and appreciations have been expressed to

scholars, researchers, and media and conference participants for their cooperation with the Muslim World League.

The Muslim World League

Topic 1- The Concept

1. The definition of Terrorism through the Shari'a point of view.
2. The Definition of Terrorism from the International Perspective.
3. The use of religion as a pretext for terrorism (models of Hinduism, Buddhism, Judaism, Christianity, and Islam).

Topic 2- Religious reasons for terrorism

1. Ignorance of the Purposes of Sharia and its Provisions.
2. Fanaticism and Sectarian Partisanship.
3. Erroneous Interpretation of Islamic Concepts of (Jihad, Loyalty and Abjuration, Atonement, Indoctrination and Revelation.).
4. Non-application of Islamic law.
5. Weakness of Da'wa Institutions.
6. The Reality of Religious Discourse.

Topic 3- Social and economic reasons

1. Social Problems: Unemployment, Poverty, Deprivation, Lack of Equal Opportunities.
2. Weak Legislation and Laws to Deal with new Developments, particularly Issues regarding Human Rights.
3. The family's Inefficiency in Proper Socialization.
4. Weakness of civil Society's Institutions.
5. Financial and Administrative Corruption.

Topic 4- educational, cultural and media reasons

1. Flaws of the Curriculum in Providing a Balanced Culture.
2. Weakness of the Media in Raising the Levels of Awareness and Education.
3. Secular and Liberal Extremism.
4. Weakness of the Culture of Dialogue and its Paradigm, and the Lack of Instilling the Culture Difference.

Topic 5- terrorism and regional and global interests

1. Unjustified Bias towards Muslim Issues.
2. Provocation of Sectarian Strife and Sedition among Countries and Societies of the Muslim World.
3. Use of Terrorism for Regional, Global and Sectarian Interests.
4. Political Terrorism and Human Rights Violation

Topic 6- effects of terrorism

1. Tarnishing the Image of Islam and Muslims in the Education Curricula and the Media.
2. Frequent Sedition and Shedding of Innocent People's Blood.
3. Lack of Interest in Islamic Nation's Issues.
4. Increase in Global Tension.

Workshops

- W1. The Application of Islamic Sharia and sensible Islamic governance
- W2. Contemporary Islamic Vision of an Islamic State
- W3. The concept of Jihad in Islamic Law (controls, provisions, etiquette).
- W4. The Best Means to Deal with Terrorism (practical programs to combat it).
- W5. Counter-terrorism Experience (Saudi Arabia's efforts as model)
- W6- Role of the Media in Combating Terrorism

Program of the Conference

FIRST DAY

Sunday: 03/04 /1436 H – February 22, 2015

Opening Ceremony: 13:00 hrs

- ❖ Recitation of the Holy Quran
His Eminence Dr. Abdullah Bin Ali Basfar
(Secretary General of the International Organization for the memorization of the Holy Qura)
- ❖ Speech of the participants: His Eminence Sheikh Dr. Ahmad Mohammad Tayeb
(Imam of Al-Azhar)
- ❖ Speech of His Excellency Dr. Abdullah Bin Abdelmohsin Al-Turki
(Secretary General of the Muslim World League)
- ❖ Speech of His Eminence Sheikh Abdulaziz Bin Abdullah Al-Sheikh
(Grand Mufti of the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia, and President of the Rabita's Supreme Council)
- ❖ Speech of the Custodian of the Two Holy Masjids King Salman Bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud, King of Saudi Arabia, delivered by HRH Prince Khalid Bin Abdulaziz Al-Saud, the King's Advisor and Governor of Makkah Region.

FIRST DAY

Sunday: 03/04/1436 H – February 22, 2015

Workshop (1): **17:00 - 18:30**

The Application of Islamic Sharia and Sensible Islamic Governance

Moderator: Excellency Dr. Saleh Bin Abdullah Bin Humaid

(Advisor to the Royal Court – Kingdom of Saudi Arabia)

Speakers:

- ❖ Dr. Mohammad Bin Ibrahim Assa'idi
(Professor of Principles of Jurisprudence – Um-Al-Qura University – Makkah)
- ❖ Dr. Farraj Mohammad Arraddass Al-Mutairi
(Prof. at the Islamic Fiqh division, Dept. of Islamic Studies - Kuwait)
- ❖ Dr. Abdullah Bin Mutlaq Al-Mutlaq
(General (Ret.) Royal Guard – Riyadh)

Rapporteur: Dr. Ahmad Abdulqayyum

Each speaker is allowed (10) minutes. (60) Minutes are allocated for Comments.

Maghreb prayer (18:30 – 18:45)

FIRST DAY

Sunday: 03/04/1436 H – February 22, 2015

Session One: 18:45 – 20:15

First Topic: The Concept

Moderator: His Eminence Sheikh Abdullatif Faiz Diryan – Mufti: Republic of Lebanon

Speakers:

❖ The definition of Terrorism from the Shari'a Point of View

Dr. Mohammad Amin Abdurrazzaq Albaroudi
(Staff member at Taif University- College of Sharia and Law)

❖ Definition of terrorism from the International Perspective.

HE Mr. Faisal Bin Abdurrahman Al-Muaammar
(Secretary General of KAICIID)

Eminence Dr. Ali Mohiyuddine Qura Daghi
(Secretary General International Union of Muslim Scholars- Qatar)

❖ Use of Religion as a pretext for terrorism

(Hinduism, Buddhism, Judaism, Christianity, and Islam as examples)

Dr. Fakhruddine Azzubair Ali
(Prof. Judicial and Law studies at Um Al-Qura University)

Each speaker is allowed (15) minutes. (30) Minutes are allocated for Comments

Isha Prayer at 20:15

SECOND DAY

Monday: 04/04/1436 H – February 23, 2015

Session Two: 09:00 – 10:30

Second Topic: Religious Reasons for Terrorism

Moderator: HE Dr. Abdulhay Abdulal Azab
(President of Al-Azhar University)

Speakers:

- ❖ Ignorance of the Purposes of Sharia and its Provisions.
HE Dr. Nouredine Al-Khadimi
(Member of the teaching staff – Um al-Qura University – Saudi Arabia)
- ❖ Fanaticism and Sectarian Partisanship.
Dr. Mustafa Ibrahim Ciric
(Member of the Muslim World League Supreme Council – Bosnia Herzegovina)
- ❖ Erroneous Interpretation of Islamic Concepts of (Jihad, Loyalty and Abjuration, Atonement, Indoctrination and Revelation.)
Excellency Dr. Abdussalam Bin Dawood Alabadi
(Member of the International Islamic Fiqh Council - Jeddah)
Excellency Dr. Essamuddin Bin Ahmad Al-Bashir

(President of the Fiqh Council in Sudan)

Each speaker is allowed (15) minutes. (30) Minutes are allocated for Comments

Coffee Break: 10:30 – 11:00 am

SECOND DAY

Monday: 04/04/1436 H – February 23, 2015

Session Three: 11:00 – 12:30

Second Topic: Religious Reasons for Terrorism

Moderator: HE Dr. Ahmad Mohammad Helail
(Chief Justice and Imam of the Hashemite Royal Court - Jordan)

Speakers:

❖ Non-application of Sharia (Islamic law.)

Dr. Suhaib Hassan AbdulGhaffar
(Chairman of the Association of Quran, London - UK)

❖ Limitation of civil Society's Institutions

Dr. Radwan Nayef Assayed
(President of the international institute for Islamic studies - Lebanon)

❖ The Reality of Religious Discourse.

Dr. Ibrahim Nureen Ibrahim
(Rector of the Quran and Islamic Science University - Sudan)

Each speaker is allowed (15) minutes. (30) Minutes are allocated for Comments

Dhuhr prayer: 12:30 – 13:00

SECOND DAY

Monday: 04/04/1436 H – February 23, 2015

Session Four: 13:00 – 14:30

Third Topic: Social and Economic Reasons

Moderator: Dr. Ismail Lutfi Javakia
(Member of the Muslim World League's Supreme Council- Thailand)

Speakers:

❖ Social Problems: Unemployment, Poverty, Deprivation, Lack of Equal Opportunities.

Dr. Omar Shaheen
(President of the Union of Imams in North America)

❖ Weak Legislation and Laws to deal with new developments, particularly Issues regarding Human Rights.

Lawyer, Mr. Hisham Bin Jaafar Abdussalam Ali,

(Deputy Attorney General - Egypt)

❖ The family's Inefficiency in Proper Upbringing.

Dr. Ahmad Bin Hamad Albou'Ali

(Secretary General of Prince Mohammad Bin Mohammad Bin Jilawi's Foundation in Ahsa)

Each speaker is allowed (15) minutes. (30) Minutes are allocated for Comments

SECOND DAY

Tuesday: 05/04/1436 H – February 23, 2015

Workshop 2 18:45 – 20:15

Counter-terrorism Experience (Saudi Arabia's efforts as model)

Moderator: Excellency Jam'an Bin Rashid Ragoush
(Dean of Nayef Security Science University - Riyadh)

Speakers:

- ❖ Dr. Mohammad Al-Madani Boussaq
(Prof. Prince Naif Arab University for Security Science - Riyadh)

- Dr. Khalid Bin Saleh Attowayan
(Secretary General, Lawyers International Islamic Organization)
- ❖ Dr. Abdurrahman Al-Hadlaq
(Director General of Intellectual Security-Ministry of Interior- Riyadh)
 - ❖ General Dr. Nasser Bin Muhaya Al-Mutairi
(Director, Mohammad Bin Naif Council and Care Center)

Rapporteur: Mr. Muadh Mohammad Iqbal

Each speaker is allowed (10) minutes. (40) Minutes are allocated for Comments

This workshop will be held in conjunction with the third workshop

SECOND DAY

Monday: 04/04/1436 H – February 23, 2015

Workshop three: 18:45 – 20:15

The concept of Jihad in Islamic Law (controlling principles, provisions, etiquette)

Moderator: HE Dr. Saad Bin Nasser Al-Shithri
(Advisor at the Royal Court – Kingdom of Saudi Arabia)

Speakers:

- ❖ Dr. Mohammad Ali Al-Omari
(Prof. College of Fiqh and Legal Studies-Al-Albeit University- Jordan)
- ❖ Dr. Abdulhaq Mulla Haqqi Atturkumani
(President of the Center for explaining Quran – London)
- ❖ Dr. Ibrahim Bin Sulaiman Al-Faheed
(Teaching Staff member, College of Sharia and Islamic Studies- Al-Ahsa)

Rapporteur: Dr. Ahmad Abdulqayyum

Each speaker is allowed (10) minutes. (60) Minutes are allocated for Comments

This workshop will be held in conjunction with the second workshop.

THIRD DAY

Tuesday: 05/04/1436 H – February 24, 2015

Session Five: 09:00 – 10:30

Third Topic: Social and Economic Reasons

Moderator: Mr. Mohammad Nimr Assammak
(Secretary General - Islamic Spiritual Summit - Lebanon)

Speakers:

- ❖ Weakness of civil Society's Institutions.

Dr. Nihad Awad Ahmad
(Director General of “CAIR” USA)

❖ Financial and Administrative Corruption

Dr. Ahmad Mohammad Farhan
(Assistant professor, Business Administration, King Faisal University, Al-Ahsa)

❖ The Effect of Terrorism on the Charitable and Humanitarian Work
(Secretary General, International Islamic Relief Organization - Jeddah)

Each speaker is allowed (15) minutes. (45) Minutes are allocated for Comments

Coffee Break 10:30 – 11:30

THIRD DAY

Tuesday: 05/04/1436 H – February 24, 2015

Session Six: 11:00 – 12:30

Fourth Topic: Educational, cultural and Media Reasons

Moderator: HE Dr. Abdullah Bou Khalkhal
(President, Emir Abdulqader Islamic Science University-Constantine- Algeria)

Speakers:

❖ Flaws of the Curriculum in Providing a Balanced Culture.

Dr. Arreih Hamad An-Nil
(Prof. College of Sharia and Islamic Studies-Um Al-Qura University)

❖ Weakness of the Media in Raising the Levels of Awareness and Education.

Dr. Mohammad Marah
(Assistant Professor, College of Sharia and Islamic Studies, University of Qatar)

❖ Extremism in Others' Curricula.

Mr. Mohammad Nimr Assammak
(Secretary General - Islamic Spiritual Summit - Lebanon)

❖ Flaws in the Culture of Dialogue and its Literature, and the Lack of Instilling the Culture Difference.

Dr. Rashid Kahous
(Professor of Prophet's Sira, University Al-Qaraouiyine - Morocco)

Each speaker is allowed (15) minutes. (45) Minutes are allocated for Comments

Dhuhr Prayer: 12:30 – 13:00

THIRD DAY

Tuesday: 05/04/1436 H – February 24, 2015

Session Seven: 13:00 – 14:30

Fifth Topic: Terrorism and Regional and Global Interests

Moderator: Excellency Dr. Mohammad Kormaz
(President of Religious Affairs - Turkey)

Speakers:

❖ Unjustifiable Bias Towards Muslim Issues.

Dr. Mohammad Abdulwahid Al-Assri
(Professor at Abdulmalik Assa'adi University - Morocco)

❖ Provocation of Sectarian Strife and Sedition Among Countries and Societies of the Muslim World.

Dr. Mohammad Ahmad Louh
(Dean of the African College of Islamic Studies - Senegal)

❖ Use of Terrorism for Regional, Global and Sectarian Interests.

Dr. Sadaka Yahiya Fadhil
(Professor of Political Science, Member of the Shoura – Saudi Arabia)

❖ Political Terrorism and Human Rights Violation

Excellency Dr. Ali Ahmad Khashan
(Former Minister of Justice - Palestine)

Each speaker is allowed (15) minutes. (45) Minutes are allocated for Comments

THIRD DAY

Monday: 04/04/1436 H – February 23, 2015

Workshop 4: 18:45 – 20:15

The Best practices to Deal with Terrorism

(Practical programs to combat it)

Moderator: HE Dr. Abdunnasser Abul-Basal

(Prof. at Yarmuk University, College of Sharia and Islamic Studies -Jordan)

Speakers:

- ❖ Dr. Nasser Bin Abdulkarim Al-Aql
(Teaching member staff, Imam Bin Saud Islamic University)
- ❖ Dr. Othman Bib Saleh Al-Amer
(Secretary General Research Chairs and Scientific Endowment-Hail University)
- ❖ Brigadier General Dr. Ali Bin Ahmad Al-Zahrani
(Director Mohammad Bin Naif Counseling and Care Center – Makkah Branch)
- ❖ Dr. Saleh Bin Zabin Al-Marzougui
(Secretary General of the MWL's Fiqh Council)
- ❖ Mr. Jamal Bin Mussa Al-Faiz
(General Supervisor Students' activities – Ministry of Education)

Rapporteur: Mr. Muadh Mohammad Iqbal

Each speaker is allowed (15) minutes. (45) Minutes are allocated for Comments

This workshop will be held in conjunction with the fifth and sixth workshops.

THIRD DAY

Tuesday: 05/04/1436 H – February 24, 2015

Workshop 5: 18:45 – 20:15

The state in contemporary Islamic Vision

Moderator: HE Dr. Essamuddin Bin Ahmad Al-Bashir
(President of the Islamic Fiqh Council - Sudan)

Speakers:

- ❖ Dr. Mohammad Mustafa Azzuhaili
(Former Dean of the College of Sharia and Islamic Studies Sharija University)
- ❖ Dr. Yusuf Juma'a Salama
(First Deputy to the President Quds Islamic Supreme Organization-Palestine)
- ❖ Dr. Kamil Attayab Idris
(Former member of the International Law Commission)
- ❖ Dr. Taibi Ghamari
(Researcher at the Social and Historical Laboratory- Askar University-Algeria)

Rapporteur: Dr. Ahmad Abdulqayyum

Each speaker is allowed (10) minutes. (30) Minutes are allocated for Comments

This workshop will be held in conjunction with the fourth and sixth workshops.

THIRD DAY

Monday: 05/04/1436 H – February 23, 2015

Workshop 6: 18:45 – 20:15

Role of the Media in Confronting Terrorism

Moderator: Dr. Sami Sharif
(Dean University of Media and Information Cairo-Egypt)

Speakers:

- ❖ Dr. Ahmad Al-Hadi Jaballah
(Director European Humanities Institute - France)
- ❖ Dr. Abdulqader Ash-Shaikhali
(Advisor at the Muslim World League)
- ❖ Mr. Ahmad Assouwayyan
(Editor of the Bayan Magazine - Riyadh)
- ❖ Eng. Abdulaziz Thomali
(MWL and Relief's representative at the UN-Mgr. of its offices in Canada and USA)

Rapporteur: Dr. Othman Abu-Zeid

Each speaker is allowed (10) minutes. (30) Minutes are allocated for Comments

This workshop will be held in conjunction with the fourth and sixth workshops.

FOURTH DAY

Wednesday: 06/04/1436 H – February 25, 2015

Session 8: 09:00 – 10:30

Sixth Topic: Effects of Terrorism

Moderator: Excellency Ahmad Mohammad Ali Almadani
(Chairman of Islamic Development Bank – Kingdom of Saudi Arabia)

Speakers:

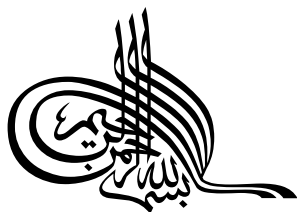
- ❖ Tarnishing the Image of Islam and Muslims in the Education Curricula and the Media
Sheikh Abdulhaq Bin Malla Haqqi Atturkumani
(President, Center for introducing Islam - Britain)
- ❖ Frequent Sedition and Shedding of Innocent People's Blood
Mohammad IV Alhassany Annadawy
(Member of the Muslim World League's Supreme Council - India)
- ❖ Lack of Interest in Islamic Nations' Issues
Dr. Abdulmajid Omari
(Director of Civilization and Globalization Center- Batna University-Algeria)
- ❖ Rising Global Tension
Dr, Mohammad Al-Bishari
(Dean of Ibn Sina Humanities Institute - France)

Each speaker is allowed (15) minutes. (30) Minutes are allocated for Comments

Coffee Break: 10:30 – 11:00

- ❖ *Speech of His Eminence Sheikh Abdulaziz Bin Abdullah Al-Sheikh, Grand Mufti of Saudi Arabia: President of the Muslim World League's Supreme Council.*

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Muslim World League in brief

Introduction

The Muslim World League is an international non-governmental Islamic organization based in the Holy City of Makkah in the kingdom of Saudi Arabia. It is engaged in propagating the religion of Islam, elucidating its principles and tenets, refuting suspicious and false allegations leveled against religion as well as convincing people to the necessity of abiding with the commands of Allah and avoidance of doing forbidden acts. The League also strives to unite the ranks of the Muslims and help them solve their problems and carry out their projects in the sphere of Da'wa, education and culture.

The League is well known to promote dialogue with the followers of other cultures, advocate peace, security, and justice and reject all acts of violence and terrorism.

Foundation:

The Muslim World League was founded in accordance with a resolution adopted during the meeting of the General Islamic Conference, which was held in Holy Makkah on the 14th of Dhul Hijjah 1381 Hijra corresponding to 18 May 1962.

Headquarters:

The Secretariat General of the Muslim World League (Headquarters) is based in Makkah Al Mukarramah, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia and the League has the right to establish branches, organizations, and affiliate centers and offices inside and outside the seat country, kingdom of Saudi Arabia.

Affiliations:

The League is represented in most of the Islamic and international organizations including:

-United Nations: Observer in consultative status with the ECOSOC.

- Organization of the Islamic Cooperation: Observer status in attending all Islamic summit meetings and conferences of the Islamic foreign Ministers.

- ISESCO: Membre
- UNICEF: Membre

Objectives:

1. Introducing the Islamic creed, laws and lifestyle according to the texts of the Holy Qur'an and the immaculate Sunnah (tradition of Prophet Muhammad, peace be upon him).
2. Making every possible effort to further the message of Islam in the promotion of peace, justice, liberation of man from worshipping no Deity save Allah, establishing Muslim community on the bases of the sublime Islamic values and maintenance of human rights.
3. Elucidating the true Islamic tenets, refuting false allegations leveled against Islam, combating both the distortion of its image and deliberate misguidance that is directed against the call of the truth.
4. Developing acquaintance and cooperation between Muslim peoples and awakening their consciousness towards both the issues facing the Muslims and their aspirations within the framework of respecting sovereignty of the countries they live in.
5. Making efforts to address the problems facing the Muslim World and helping Muslims solve their problems and achieve their aspirations and projects.
6. Making all possible efforts to remove conflicts, divisive factors and disputes from within and between Muslim communities.
7. Striving to promote virtue and order on this earth, combat mischief and urge people to obey God and His Messenger, peace be upon him.

Methods:

To achieve its objectives, Muslim World League uses all means that do not contradict with Islamic rules. e.g.

1. To call for all, individuals, groups and nations to apply Rules of Sharia (Islamic Laws), and refer to Allah and his Messenger(PBUH) at moments of conflict.
2. To co-ordinate the exerted efforts between those who carry out Islamic work and help them benefit from each other.
3. To contribute in building Masajids and in enhancing their cultural and educational message.
4. To develop methods of Da'wa propagation according to Quran and Sunnah.
5. To promote Media means levels as well as support Da'wah, educational, cultural and media means adopted by Muslims and upgrade its abilities.
6. To take advantage of Pilgrimage season as an opportunity for holding conferences for Muslim scholars and intellectuals to be acquainted to each other, exchange views and strengthen relations as well as encourage them to propose solutions for upgrading the general level of Muslims.
7. Hold conferences and symposiums for Muslim leaders, intellectuals and preachers to address questions of Muslims.
8. Establish centers and offices in order to serve Islamic objectives as well as create and operate Da'wah, educational, cultural, media and relief institutions as well as support existing ones and enhance activity leading to the dissemination of Arabic language and elevate its learning level among Arabic and non-Arabic Muslim communities.
9. Co-ordinate and operate with local, regional and international organizations, as well as governmental and non-governmental institutes to realize goals.

League's Councils and Affiliated Organizations

General Islamic Conference (G.I.C.):

This Council expresses the feelings of Muslim peoples around the world, as well as their aspirations towards achieving their higher goals. It is the highest policy making body of the Muslim World League and made up of senior Ulama (Muslim scholars) and preachers who frequently meet to discuss major issues concerning Islam and Muslims, and help solve their problems and achieve their benevolent aspirations. G.I.C. has so far met for several times as follows:

First : in 1381H(1962).

Second: in 1384H (1965).

Third: in 1408H (1987).

Fourth: in 1423 H (2002).

Constituent Council:

The Constituent Council is the highest authority in the Muslim World League. It approves the plans that have to be implemented by the Secretariat General. The Council consists of sixty (60) prominent Muslim scholars representing Muslim peoples and minorities. Members are appointed according to the decision of the Council.

It is stipulated that a prospective member of the Constituent Council must either be a preacher to the path of God, or notably active in the field of Islamic Da'wah.

The Constituent Council meets periodically to review research works and issues submitted either by the Secretariat General or by three members of the Council. It also adopts appropriate resolutions concerning progress so far made by the 'League' in order to achieve its goals, and provides governments and Muslim communities with advice and counseling in the service of Islam and Muslims.

World Supreme Council for Masajids

(MSCM):

The WSCM is an affiliate of the M.W.L. It was formed following a recommendation by the Message of the Mosque Conference, which was organized by the M.W.L. in Holy Makkah between 15 – 18 Ramadan 1395 H. corresponding to 21 – 23 September 1975.

The WSCM aims at carrying out the task of the maintenance of the Masjid and helping it undertake the function prescribed by Islam.

Composition:

The WSCM consists of forty (40) members representing Muslim peoples and communities around the world.

Objective:

- To build and maintain Masajids and attend them frequently for worshipping, and use them as Islamic Da'wah, learning and guidance centers.
- To Protect Masjid as well as the 'Waqf' (Islamic endowments) and 'Waqf' property against physical as well as criminal attack, and safeguard its sanctity and purity.
- To combat pernicious ideological infiltration, rectify deviant behavior in the life of the Muslim individual, and to form Muslim public opinion concerning Islamic issues and topics.
- To render social, as well as educational services.
- To assist Muslim minorities in order to enable them to achieve their rights and practice their religious rites freely.
- To support and enable the Ulama (Muslim scholars) to conduct objective dialogues with others.

Tasks & Responsibilities:

These include the following:

- 1- Develop outlines for reviving the Masjid's message, particularly in the fields of guidance, education, Da'wah promulgation and rendering of social services.
- 2- Publish a periodical magazine titled " Masjid's Message" focusing on elevating the competency level of Imams (spiritual leaders) and orators as well as their performance skill; and provide them with vivid examples of orations , discourses and lessons according to the Holy Qur'an and Sunnah.
- 3- Publish books, pamphlets and brochures that elucidate the principles of Islam.
- 4- Conduct a comprehensive survey for Masajids and record their data in a registry and publish them from time to time in the form of periodical publications.
- 5- Select a group of preachers who are capable of carrying out the task of Da'wah and oration; and provide them with due training to conduct guidance tour at the Masajids the world over.
- 6- Conduct continuously regional and central training courses for Masjid's Imams and preachers with a view to enriching their culture and upgrading their competency.
- 7- Form a commission or board of directors for each Masjid so as to supervise directly the Masjid and its facilities as well as run and manage its affairs.
- 8- Study ideas and conduct that conflict with the tenets of Islam and limit their impact.
- 9- Contribute to the qualification and training of Imams and orators as well as dispatch them to the concentration areas of Muslims for the guidance, enlightenment and counseling of people and leading them at prayer.

Fiqh (Islamic jurisprudence) Council:

It was founded by a resolution of the Constituent Council in the year 1398 Hijra, and is made up of a selected group of Muslim jurists and scholars who meet periodically to consider serious jurisprudence issues concerning the Ummah (world-wide Islamic community), and issue appropriate rulings based on the texts of the Holy Qur'an and the immaculate Sunnah (tradition of Prophet Muhammad, peace be on him).

Aims and objectives:

The Fiqh (Islamic jurisprudence) Council aims at furthering the following goals:

1. Provide authoritative and scientifically- based solutions for the current problems confronting Muslims.
2. Project the supremacy of the rules of Sharia (Islamic law) over man-made laws.
3. Disseminate Fiqh (Islamic jurisprudence).

World Forum for Muslim Scholars and

Intellectuals (WFMSI)

It was established in compliance with the resolution of the Fourth General Islamic Conference which was held in Makkah Al-Mukarramah 1423H so as to unite and clarify the attitudes of Muslim scholars and intellectuals on different causes as well as address newly emerging and unprecedented incidents faced by Muslims.

(W.F.M.S.I.) seeks to achieve its objectives through the following:

- 1- To coordinate the attitudes of the Umma's scholars on international and Islamic questions.
- 2-To preserve the identity of the Muslim Ummah, enhance its status and achieve its unity
- 3-To strengthen relations among Muslim scholars
- 4-To guide Muslim communities to adopt effective solutions for their problems
- 5-To address existing disputes among Muslims
- 6-To combat currents and tendencies that are at variance with Islam and Muslims
- 7-To fight deviated currents and erroneous thoughts practiced at Muslim communities.
- 8-To consider problems of Muslim Ummah and provide appropriate solutions
- 9-To protect Muslims against whatever threatens their communities and Islamic entity as well as defend their issues.

High Coordination Commission for Islamic Organizations (HCCIO)

This body aims at achieving solidarity and coordination among Islamic organizations, especially in the following fields:

- 1-Adopt plans and programs of action, particularly those pertaining to introducing Islam and preserving the Islamic identity; and enhance their contribution in achieving stability and prosperity in respective Muslim communities.
- 2-Adopt unified attitudes towards significant Muslim causes and perform common actions.
- 3-Project human and cultural values of Islam and make every possible effort to remove suspicions raised against these values.
- 4-Defend collectively and with legitimate means Muslims and their achievements.
- 5-Strengthen cultural and civilizational understanding of Muslims with other nations.

International Islamic Relief Organization of Saudi Arabia

This international relief and charity organization has an independent legal personality. It was formed as an affiliate of the Muslim World League in 1399 Hijra. It takes every necessary action to secure financial abilities to spend on helping the needy and destitute in a manner that achieves timely and rapid provision of emergency relief to those afflicted by wars, natural or man-made disasters.

Commission on Scientific Signs in the Qur'an and the Sunnah

The CSSQS is an affiliate of the Muslim World League with an independent legal personality. It was founded following a decision of the World Supreme Council for Masajids adopted during its ninth session in 1404 Hijra.

The Commission aims at projecting all aspects of the scientific signs in the Holy Qur'an and the immaculate Sunnah (tradition of Prophet Muhammad, peace be on him), lay down the stipulations and the rules guiding the formation of independent judgment in elucidating the signs, exposing the facts of the implications of the meanings of the verses of the Holy Qur'an and the Hadith (traditions of Prophet Muhammad, peace be on him) concerning the cosmic sciences in the light of modern scientific discoveries. The Commission also strives to interpret all aspects of the linguistic implications without affectation and provide preachers as well as the world media with invaluable research work to be used by each individual in his respective field of specialization.

Moreover, the Commission takes measures to publicize the approved research works in a suitable style befitting the level of education and culture of all concerned with translations into the various languages, and join cosmic sciences with the facts of faith. The Commission endeavors to introduce the contexts of the approved research works into the curricula of the various educational institutions and stages, and to train a generation of scholars and researchers to study scientific issues and cosmic facts in the light of the texts of the Qur'an and the Sunnah.

International Organization for Memorization of the Holy Qur'an (IOMHQ)

IOMHQ is an international organization with an independent legal personality, and is an affiliate of the Muslim World League and was founded to realize the League's objectives of serving the Book of Allah, the Most Exalted and relevant sciences. It was established following a resolution adopted during the 36th session of the Constituent Council of the Muslim World League held between 4-6 Sha'ban 1421 Hijra.

The Organization aims at teaching Muslims in the world as well as helping them memorize the Holy Qur'an, publicizing its sciences and enhancing the methods of its learning. This blessed Organization, is the first of its kind in the world to be wholly engaged in the field of spreading the learning and memorization of the Holy Qur'an.

International Islamic Organization for Media

The IIOIOM is an independent offshoot of the Muslim World League, which aims at contributing towards developing the modules of media directed towards the Muslims, championing their causes, simplifying Islamic principles and modernizing the discourse of the Islamic media with the aim of rectifying the image of Islam in the minds of non-Muslims. The decision to establish

the IOM was adopted during the 36th session of the Constituent Council of the Muslim World League held between 4-6/8/1421 Hijra.

International Islamic Organization for Education

This is an affiliate of the Muslim World League with an independent legal personality, and aims at drawing up the policies and goals of education. It also extends material as well as moral support to the needy sections of the Muslim world and Muslim minority communities and uses clear-cut methodology to enhance their potentials. It was established during the 36th session of the Constituent Council of the Muslim World League, which was held between 54-6/8/1421 Hijra

International Organization for Converts to Islam

It was established as an offshoot of the Muslim world League with an independent legal personality. It takes care of new converts to Islam, and coordinates between Islamic organizations and societies around the World.

Its foundation came as a result of a decision taken by the Constituent Council of the Muslim World League during its 36th session which was held between 4-6/8/1421 Hijra.

International Organization for Introducing Islam

The IOII was established as an affiliate of the Muslim World following a decision adopted during the 38th session of the Constituent Council, which was held between 4-6/8/1425 Hijra. The Organization, which has an independent legal personality, is charged with the task of using material as well as moral means to introduce Islam wherever it is needed in the world, and present its pure image in a clear manner.

International Organization for the Muslim Woman and Family

This organization functions under the umbrella of the Muslim World League, and aims at enhancing the capabilities of the feminine leaderships and raising the educational, intellectual, economical and environmental standards of the Muslim woman and to defend the rights of children. It was established in accordance with a decision adopted during the 36th session of the Constituent Council of the Muslim World League, which was held between 4-6/8/1425 Hijra.

International Islamic Organization for Economics and Financing

This organization, which enjoys an independent legal personality, seeks to establish the religious aspects pertaining to financial as well as economical issues and transactions, and to present a unified vision of the Ulama (Muslim scholars) and Muslim intellectuals in this respect. It was established following a decision adopted during the 38th session of the Constituent Council of the Muslim World League, which was held between 4-6/8/1425 Hijra.

International Organization for Introducing and Supporting the Holy Prophet

This is one of the affiliate of the Muslim World League and enjoys an independent legal personality. Its main task is focused on introducing and defending the Holy Prophet (May Allah's blessing and peace be upon him) and seeks to achieve the following objectives:

- 1- Introduce the Holy Prophet to non-Muslims.
- 2- Correct erroneous concepts and thoughts about the Holy Prophet.
- 3- Refute the baseless allegations and fierce onslaughts targeting the distortions of the Holy Prophet's image.
- 4- Project the tradition (Sunnah) of the Holy Prophet, his acts, his guidance, his manners and his methodology in solving problems of mankind.

It was founded following a resolution of the Constituent Council in its 40th session held in the period, from 19-22/8/1431HA.

International Islamic Organization for Lawyers

It is an affiliate of the Muslim World League and enjoys an independent legal personality. Its main function is to project virtues of Islam, create an international trustworthy legal reference for promoting laws and basing them on Islamic principles as well as defend Islam, its sanctuaries, issues and prominent personalities. It was founded following a resolution adopted at the 40th Session of the Constituent Council of the Muslim World League held between 19-22/8/1431H.

International Organization for Human Development

This is one of the affiliate of the Muslim World League and enjoys an independent legal personality. Its main task is focused on promoting the level of the Muslim level, especially in the field of knowledge and action, on achieving human development in poverty stricken areas and secures civilization progress for Ummah through developing its human capabilities.

It was founded following a resolution passed by the Constituent Council in its 40th session held in the period, from 19-22/8/1431H.

International Organization for Physicians across Continents

This is one of the affiliates of the Muslim World League and enjoys an independent legal personality. Its main function is focused on alleviating the burden and pain of the sick in various parts of the world, achieve the humanitarian medical message of Islam in spreading peace, promoting culture, securing hygienic rights of man, serving humanity through establishing a medical network between Muslim physicians and others.

It was founded following a resolution passed by the constituent Council in its 40th session held in the period from 19-22/8/1431H.

International Foundation for Construction and Development

This organization is concerned with the task of maintaining the Houses of Allah (Masajids), establishing, operating and supervising Islamic schools and centers, as well as other Islamic projects through its offices around the world. It enjoys an independent legal personality, and works under the umbrella of Muslim World League.

It was established in accordance with a decision adopted by the 38th Session of the Constituent Council of the Muslim World League, which was held between 4-6/8/1425 Hijra.

Makkah Al-Mukarramah Charity Foundation

This foundation, which functions under the umbrella of the Muslim World League, enjoys an independent legal personality and is concerned with the welfare of the needy Muslim orphan. It was incorporated into the Muslim World League during the 25th session of the Constituent Council of the Muslim World League, which was held between 7-10/8/1418 Hijra.

Contact Addresses

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International Organization for Muslim Women and Family

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